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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/048,040	01/24/2002	Wolter Ten Hoeve	NL 010357	1130
759	90 11/19/2004		EXAM	INER
Corporate Pate		TESKIN, FRED M		
Philips Electronics North America Corporation 580 White Plains Road			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Tarrytown, NY 10591			1713	
			DATE MAIL CD: 11/19/2007	•

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/048,040	TEN HOEVE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Fred M Teskin	1713
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti eply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron tute, cause the application to become ABANDONI	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	his action is non-final. vance except for formal matters, pr	
closed in accordance with the practice unde	r Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 4-6 and 9-14 is/are 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-3,7 and 8 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	e withdrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	ccepted or b) objected to by the ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ection is required if the drawing(s) is objection.	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ents have been received. ents have been received in Applicationity documents have been receiveau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12402.	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5)  Notice of Informal I 6)  Other:	

Claims 1-14 remain pending herein.

Applicant's election with traverse of the invention of Group I, claims 1-8, identified as species (I), in the reply filed on October 20, 2003, is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that "the device and the method for making it are so closely related that searching both the device and the method would not impose an undue burden on the Examiner". (Response, p. 2). This is not found persuasive because it merely states conclusions and does not in any way relate to the examiner's reasons – distinctness and separate classification – for insisting upon restriction. Applicant must so point out the nature of such relationship as to overcome the reasons advanced by the examiner. Furthermore, searching is not the only element of burdensomeness. Different issues of patentability would be burdensome. One of the inventions might be patentable and the other invention(s) unpatentable, causing extended prosecution resulting in significant delays in the issuance of the patent.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claims 4-6 and 9-14 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to nonelected species and a nonelected invention, respectively, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on October 20, 2003.

The references cited in the Search Report mailed October 10, 2001, have been considered, but will not be listed on any patent resulting from this application because they were not provided on a separate list in compliance with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(1). In order to have the references printed on such resulting patent, a separate listing, preferably on a PTO-1449 form, must be filed within the set period for reply to this Office action.

Claims 1, 2, 3, 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1-3, 7 and 8 are indefinite due to improper Markush language in the various recitations of (i) "chosen from among ... ", (ii) "chosen from the group of ..." and (iii) "chosen from the group comprising ...". See the definition of variables for claim formulae (I)-(V). The presence of open language in recitation (iii) renders the scope of the group indeterminate. The use of proper Markush language, viz., "selected from the group consisting of ..." is suggested; see MPEP 2173.05(h).

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was

not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. 4900782 to Han et al.

Claim 7 is drawn to polymers with structural units having the defined formula (I), and characterized in that the polymers have an average chain length of at least 50 and at most 1000 units.

Han et al differ from claim 7 only in that a polymer having the  $S(O)_tR_1$  leaving group of formula (I) and the requisite chain length is not shown in a single embodiment.

Nevertheless, Han et al identify species of the  $S(O)_tR_1$  moiety, among other moieties, as suitable examples of the leaving group D in polymer formulae which otherwise correspond to claim formula (I). See column 3, formulae II – VI and lines 65-68 as well as column 7, lines 6-12 where D is defined as inclusive of moieties of the formula  $-SOR_1$  and  $-SO_2R_1$  where  $R_1$  can be, e.g., alkyl such as methyl, ethyl and the like. Further, in said formulae the recurring unit indices m, n, o and p are defined by

numerical ranges consistent with an average chain length within claim 7; i.e., at least about 100 (col. 3, lines 61-63), preferably about 300 (col. 8, lines 11-12); or, per claims 15 and 16, the sum of n, o and p is equal to or greater than about 200 or about 500.

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Thus, it is concluded that one of ordinary skill in the art would have been led by Han et al to select  $-SOR_1$  or  $-SO_2R_1$  as the leaving group D in any of the disclosed formulae II – VI and control the frequency of recurring units therein to obtain an average chain length as claimed. One would have been so motivated by a reasonable expectation of obtaining another precursor polymer utile in the applications contemplated by the patentees (e.g., forming conducting articles and coatings; see col. 1, lines 11-15).

Accordingly, the subject matter of claim 7 is deemed to have been *prima facie* obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Claims 1-3 and 8 would be allowable if amended or rewritten to overcome the rejection under 35 U.S.C. 112 set forth in this Office action.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The claimed method for preparing a polymer which comprises structural units of formula (I) starting with a compound having the formula (II) as per claim 1, is not disclosed nor fairly suggested in any prior art document(s) located or identified by the examiner as of the date of this Office action; nor is a composition of polymers with

structural units having the formula (IX) and "first" and "second" fractions as defined in claim 8.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner F. M. Teskin whose telephone number is (571) 272-1116. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 7:00 AM - 4:30 PM, and can also be reached on alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Wu, can be reached on (571) 272-1114. The appropriate fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

FMTeskin/11-01-04

FRED TESKIN
PRIMARY EXAMINED